ESSAY TOPIC/TITLE:

Peer Editing for Argument 1

Peer Editor 1	NAME:	INK COLOR USED:
Peer Editor 2	NAME:	INK COLOR USED:

Instructions: Review each item on the checklist below. Clearly mark all errors on the student's paper.

Works Cited

yes	no	The essay contains a Works Cited page with correct title centered @ top of page & running header (check pg. #)			
yes	no	Works Cited entries are alphabetized by authors' last names (or by first word in title when no author listed)			
yes	no	Works Cited page is double-spaced			
yes	no	Hanging indentation is employed for each entry			
yes	no	Nothing on the Works Cited page is underlined (journal titles, book titles, and database titles are italicized)			
yes	no	The works cited page includes only/all works quoted or paraphrased in the essay			
		1. Assign a color to each entry on the Works Cited page			
		2. Skim essay & color-code (underline) each parenthetical citation (see assigned colors on Works Cited pg)			
Document Setup					
yes	no	The essay has a correctly formatted heading (pg 1 only) and a correctly formatted running header (all pages).			
yes	no	The essay is double-spaced.			
yes	no	The left and right margins are set at 1 inch.			
yes	no	The font is a 12-point serif font—Book Antiqua, Times New Roman, or Palatino—(check running header!)			
yes	no	The essay does not exceed 4 pages (excluding Works Cited)			
Pare	aphro	ases, Quotations & Citations \Box	*		
yes	no	The student directly quoted at least 2 pieces of evidence	*essay should have a <i>balance</i> of quotes and paraphrases, demonstrating student mastery of each skill		
yes	no				

- **yes no** Each direct quotation is cited and punctuated correctly (see chart below)
- **yes no** Each paraphrase is cited and punctuated correctly (see chart below)
- yes no Each citation includes a pg. number (if not, write a reminder to check pdf view or to do a print preview)
- yes no Lead-in types are varied
- **yes no** Ellipses do not appear at the beginning or end of quotations (only in the middle)
- yes no If the author's name appears in the lead in, it is not included in the citation

MLA parenthetical citation guide

ТҮРЕ	EXAMPLE	NOTES
Author named in lead-in	(32).	*No need to reference author twice
Author's name not given	("Teen Driving" 8).	*cite by shortened title (in quotes)
1 author	(Jones 32).	
2 authors	(Johnson and Jones 32).	
3 authors	(Johnson, James, and Jones 32).	
4+ authors	(Johnson et al 32).	*include et al (for and others)
Someone quoted in article	(Simon qtd. in Jones 32).	*include qtd. in (for <i>quoted in</i>)
Someone quoted in article and named in lead-in	(qtd. in Jones 32).	*no need to reference speaker twice

Cohesiveness

- yes no The essay title clearly and creatively presents the issue; the title is fully developed and relates to the thesis.
- yes no The thesis statement makes an assertive claim (it states an opinion on the issue and not just a fact).
- **yes no** The thesis statement is the last sentence in the introduction.
- yes no Each body paragraph begins with a logical, clear, and relevant **subclaim** that supports the thesis.
- **yes no** Each body paragraph ends with a strong closing sentence or **warrant** that emphasizes how and why the paragraph supports the argument.
- yes no Transitional words and phrases appear at the beginning of each body paragraph to assure smooth reading.
- yes no Transitional words and phrases appear between ideas in each paragraph to connect ideas.
- yes no Each paragraph provides one line of reasoning, and all sentences in the paragraph help support it.

Development

- yes no Each subclaim is fully supported with strong evidence. All evidence is relevant—it provides strong and logical support for the argument. no yes All evidence is fully developed—after each quote or paraphrase the writer explains how and why the fact, yes no statistic, or example supports the claim. The writer avoids logical fallacy, rationally explaining how and why evidence supports claims. The writer does yes no not jump to unsupported conclusions. The writer addresses the opposing view and presents it fairly and accurately. no yes The writer effectively refutes the opposing view and reemphasize his/her main claim. yes no
- yes no The writer makes ethical and logical appeals to persuade the audience.

I verify that I have carefully reviewed each of the above peer-assessment items

1.

signature

signature

date

period

2.

date

period